NCEPOD Transition to adult health services study – Definitions:

	adult health services study – Definitions:
Block funding contract	'A block contract is a payment made to a provider to deliver a specific,
	usually broadly-defined, service. How the value of a block contract is
	calculated varies widely. It can be set through a measure of patient need
	or it may be based on the historical spend of a particular service.'
	British Medical Association. 2020. https://www.bma.org.uk/advice-and-
	support/nhs-delivery-and-workforce/funding/models-for-paying-
	providers-of-nhs-services
Clinical team	A team of health professionals from different disciplines (e.g. nursing,
	psychiatry, occupational therapy, oncology, surgery, histopathology) who
	convene to discuss the management of a particular condition in a
	particular patient.
	Segen's Medical Dictionary. 2012 Farlex Inc. Retrieved June 2021.
	https://medical-dictionary.thefreedictionary.com/clinical+team
Holistic services	Services that are person centred, coordinated and tailored to the needs
	of individuals, which put the needs and experience of people at the
	centre of how services are organised and delivered.
	NHS England. Integrated care and support. Accessed June 2021.
	https://www.england.nhs.uk/ourwork/part-rel/transformation-fund/
Key worker	'A care professional who takes a key role in co-ordinating the care of the
•	patient and promoting continuity, ensuring the patient knows who to
	access for information and advice'. NHS Data model and dictionary.
	Retrieved June 2021.
	https://datadictionary.nhs.uk/nhs business definitions/key worker.html
Learning disability	A learning disability is defined as meeting three core criteria:
,	Lower intellectual ability (usually an IQ of less than 70)
	Significant impairment of social or adaptive functioning
	Onset in childhood.
	A learning disability may be described as mild, moderate, severe or
	profound.
	NICE guideline [NG93]. https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ng93
Life-limiting condition	A condition for which there is no cure and death is inevitable, either in
Life-infitting condition	childhood or early adulthood.
	International Children's Palliative Care Network.
	http://www.icpcn.org/faq/
Looked after	
LOUKEU AILEI	A child who has been in the care of their local authority for more than 24
	hours, including:
	Living with foster parents Living in a residential children's bases.
	Living in a residential children's home
	Living in residential settings like schools or secure units
	NSPCC Learning. https://learning.nspcc.org.uk/children-and-families-at-
AL	risk/looked-after-children
Network of care	Linked groups of health professionals and organisations from a
	combination of primary, secondary and tertiary care, and social services
	combination of primary, secondary and tertiary care, and social services and other services working together in a co-ordinated manner
	combination of primary, secondary and tertiary care, and social services and other services working together in a co-ordinated manner DH 2005. A guide to promote a shared understanding of the benefits of
	combination of primary, secondary and tertiary care, and social services and other services working together in a co-ordinated manner DH 2005. A guide to promote a shared understanding of the benefits of managed local networks
Peer support worker	combination of primary, secondary and tertiary care, and social services and other services working together in a co-ordinated manner DH 2005. A guide to promote a shared understanding of the benefits of managed local networks A person with a lived experience of physical and/or mental health
	combination of primary, secondary and tertiary care, and social services and other services working together in a co-ordinated manner DH 2005. A guide to promote a shared understanding of the benefits of managed local networks A person with a lived experience of physical and/or mental health challenges.
Peer support worker ReSPECT form	combination of primary, secondary and tertiary care, and social services and other services working together in a co-ordinated manner DH 2005. A guide to promote a shared understanding of the benefits of managed local networks A person with a lived experience of physical and/or mental health

	conversations between a person, their family and their health care
	providers. These patient preferences and clinical recommendations are
	recorded on a non-legally binding form which can be reviewed and
	adapted.
	Resuscitation Council UK. https://www.resus.org.uk/respect
Stage of transition	Preparing for adulthood: The process of planning and preparing a young
	person with chronic disease and their carer for the transfer from
	paediatric to adult services.
	Peri-transfer from child to adult health services: Ensuring young people
	and their carers who are about to move to adult services are prepared
	for transfer by introducing them to the adult services while being
	supported by paediatric services. Empowering Young People to
	understand their disease in preparation to be independently managing
	their own healthcare needs.
	Fully transferred from child to adult health services: The stage at which
	care has been taken over by adult services and the young person (or
	parent carer) is managing their own condition independently.
Transition service or team	A team of people, or person, who facilitate and coordinate the transition
	process from child to adult services within an organisation. In many
	organisations the transition team coordinates transition for the Trust as a
	whole, while specialty-based teams coordinate the transition of
	individual patients.
Youth worker	A person who works with young people to facilitate their personal, social
	and educational development.